Which FIT's Best?

Guildford Medical Device Evaluation Centre (GMEC) Evaluation of Quantitative Faecal Immunochemical Tests for Haemoglobin



The excellent clinical outcome data demonstrated in many publications, require faecal haemoglobin cut-offs for referral for further investigation, at the low end of the analytical range of the available FIT systems.

The choice of laboratory method is therefore important to the objective evaluation of patients, not only for haemoglobin stability in the specimen collection device, but also for its low bias and small imprecision at the lower limit of the analytical working range.

Four FIT analytical systems were evaluated by the Guildford Medical Device Evaluation Centre (GMEC) in 2013.

The resulting report is available online: http://194.97.148.137/assets/downloads/pdf/activities/fit_reports/gmec_fit_evaluation_report.pdf

Extracts of data from that report are represented here.

In this study, the HM-JACKarc system, supplied by Alpha Laboratories, was described as one of the more precise methods (Table 1). Its analytical working range correlated well to the expected values of spiked faecal samples. The ability to detect haemoglobin at both the lower and higher limits of the analytical range was confirmed (Figure 1). HM-JACKarc demonstrated a high sensitivity with a lower limit of detection of just 0.6 μ g Hb/g faeces, making it ideal for symptomatic testing (Table 2). In addition, sample stability was proven at 20C throughout the 30 day period of the study (Table 3).

HM-JACK arc

Confirmed by GMEC:

- Stability of sample in the collection tube claims of the pack insert
 - 120 days at 4-8°C
 - 14 days at 25°C
- The Hook capacity greater than 200,000 μg of Hb / g faeces
- Linearity across the measurement range $(7-400 \mu g \text{ of Hb}/g \text{ faeces})$
- Described as very sensitive at the low end with LOD as 0.6 μg of Hb / g faeces

Table 1. HM-JACKarc Precision

Imprecision measured against manufacturers' mean concentrations								
	Buffer Samples	GMEC data mean	sr	Manufacturer data			Consistent/	
				σ mean	σr	Verification value	not consistent with claim	
	HM-JACKarc (µg Hb/ g faeces)	13.5	0.9	11.3	0.6	0.9	NSD	
		58.8	1.3	56.1	2.4	3.5	Consistent	
		319.4	5.4	279.5	7.9	11.6	Consistent	

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sr – GMEC measured estimate of repeatability

σr – manufacturers' claimed repeatability

NSD - Not statistically different from manufacturers' claim

Figure 1. HM-JACKarc Linearity

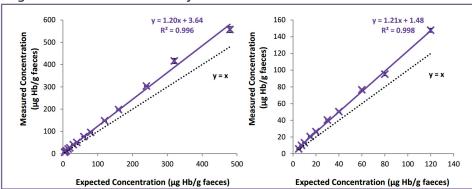


Table 2. HM-JACKarc Sensitivity

Measured lower limit of detection for each analyser.

Quoted lower limits of detection were provided by each manufacturer in their data sheets.

	Mean concentration of 20 un-spiked collection tubes (µg Hb/g faeces)	Standard deviation	Lower limit of detection (µg Hb/g faeces)	Quoted lower limit of detection (µg Hb/g faeces)
HM-JACKarc	0.3	0.1	0.6	7
NS-PLUS C15	0.0	0.0	0.0	4
OC-SENSOR DIANA	2.1	0.9	3.8	10
FOB Gold/BioMajesty	0.5	0.4	1.3	2.55

Table 3. HM-JACKarc Sample Stability

	HM-JACKarc Measured Stability of Diluted Hb and Faecal Samples Spiked with Hb					
Temperature	- 20°C	4°C	20°C			
Concentration (µg Hb/g faeces)	All concs	All concs	All concs			
Hb in buffer	STS	STS	STS			
Hb in faeces	STS	STS	STS			

KEY:

STS – Stable throughout study (30 days) i.e. the concentration of Hb did not fall below 50% of the initial concentration during the study. Concs – haemoglobin concentrations. Four concentrations of Hb were tested ranging from the detection limit to a strong positive FIT result.

